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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
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	76058 7590 07/03/2008 YAHOO! INC. C/O GREENBERG TRAURIG, LLP			EXAMINER	
MET LIFE BUILDING			BOUTAH, ALINA A		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/715,694	LORD ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	ALINA N. BOUTAH	2143
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLEWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DEVELORS - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed to the second	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 I</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This action is FINAL . Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-14 and 18 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-14 and 18 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/a Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	or election requirement.	
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ction is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat* * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat prity documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

This action is in response to Applicant's amendment filed March 27, 2008.

Claims 1-14 and 18 are pending in the present application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-14 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Janik (US 2002/0013852) in view of Jacoby (US 2004/0245887).

Regarding claim 1, Janik teaches a processor-readable medium embodying set of instructions that, when read by a programmable processor of a first computing device, result in the processor performing a process, the process comprising:

collecting, by the first computing device (figure 1: 18), media files (paragraph 0132 - i.e. mp3 files) and meta data information describing the media files (paragraph 0132 - i.e. URL, IP, path to files), so that the media files' content is available for

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experiencing by a user at the first computing device (figure 1: 96; paragraph 0132, 0120);

communicating, by the first computing device, from the second computing device the requested meta data information and an identifier for each media file described by the requested meta data information, the identifier uniquely identifying the media file [0074 – delivering content to local client devices];

receiving, by the first computing device, from the second computing device a request to transfer a media file selected by the user at the second computing device, the request including the identifier of the selected media file [0074]; and

transmitting by the first computing device, the requested media file to second computing device as a stream, so that the user is able to select from the media files available to the user at the first computing device one or more media files to be experienced by the user at the second computing device (abstract; paragraphs 0074; 0132).

However, Janik does not explicitly teach receiving by the first computing device, a request from a second computing device, the request comprising a request for at least some of the meta data information collected at the first computing device. In an analogous art, Jacoby teaches receiving a request for meta-data information (figures 2 and 5; 0036). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to request for at least some of the meta data information in order to allow the user to learn about the media file before actually obtaining the file, thus

facilitating the understanding, characteristics, and management usage of media data, therefore providing effective data management.

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Regarding claim 2, Janik teaches the medium of claim 1, wherein the identifier is a uniform resource identifier [0132].

Regarding claim 3, Janik teaches the medium of claim 1, wherein the process further comprises communicating to a remote server a wide area network (WAN) address to be used to connect to the process over the WAN (abstract: internet).

Regarding claim 4, Janik teaches the medium of claim 3, wherein the process further comprises determining whether a connection can be established with the process via the (WAN) [0082].

Regarding claim 5, Janik teaches the medium of claim 1, wherein the process further comprises configuring a network address translation (NAT) router to enable the process to receive communications from a wide area network (WAN) [0107].

Regarding claim 6, Janik teaches the medium of claim 1, wherein the process further comprises automatically discovering other devices connected to the first computing device, the other devices having media files available for experience by the user [0115].

Regarding claim 7, Janik teaches the medium of claim 6, wherein the process reports to the remote server information on the other instances of the process discovered by the process [0115].

Regarding claim 8, Janik teaches the medium of claim 6, wherein the process further comprises receiving, by the first computing device, a request from one of the other devices for the first computing device to transmit a media file as a stream to the one of the other device [0120].

Regarding claim 9, Janik teaches the medium of claim 1, wherein the process further comprises searching the first computing device for media files and storing meta data describing the located media files [0079].

Regarding claim 10, Janik teaches the medium of claim 9, wherein the searching for media files further comprises searching devices connected to the first computing device for media files [0089].

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Regarding claim 11, Janik teaches the medium of claim 1, wherein the process further comprising transmitting one stream at a time (abstract).

Regarding claim 12, Janik teaches a processor-readable medium embodying a set of stored instructions that, when read by a programmable processor at a local computing device, results in the processor performing:

connecting to a process executing at a remote computing device [0102];

receiving from the process information and an identifier for each media file available for experiencing by a user using the remote computing device, the identifier uniquely identifying the media file [0192; 0132 – i.e. URL, IP, path to files];

receiving at least one media file selection by a user using the information received from the process [abstract; 0120];

transmitting to the process a request for the media file selection as a stream (abstract);

receiving from the remote computing device process the requested media file, so that the user is able to select from the media files available to the user at the remote computing device one or more media files to be experienced by the user at the local computing device (abstract; paragraphs 0003, 0117; 0162).

Although Janik does not explicitly disclose the process executing at the remote computing device being an agent process, one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that an agent is simply a part of the system that performs information exchange on behalf of a client or server. The use of an agent is well known in the networking art.

However, Janik does not explicitly teach receiving by the first computing device, a request from a second computing device, the request comprising a request for at least some of the meta data information collected at the first computing device. In an analogous art, Jacoby teaches receiving a request for meta-data information (figures 2 and 5; 0036). At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to request for at least some of the meta data information in order to allow the user to learn about the media file before actually obtaining the file, thus facilitating the understanding, characteristics, and management usage of media data, therefore providing effective data management.

Regarding claim 13, Janik teaches the medium of claim 12, wherein the unique identifier comprises a uniform resource identifier (URI) [0132].

Regarding claim 14, Janik teaches the medium of claim 12, wherein the process further comprises transmitting, to the agent process, a request for information describing media files available for streaming to the client process (abstract).

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Regarding claim 18, Janik teaches the medium of claim 12, wherein the process further comprises:

connecting over a wide area network (WAN) to a central server (abstract; figure 1).

However, Janik does not explicitly teach authenticating with the central server using an identifier associated with the agent process; obtaining from the central server a WAN address for an agent process; and connecting to the agent process at the WAN address.

In an analogous art, Jacoby teaches streaming media file from a server to a client player over the network. The streaming includes a metering URL (meta data), which allows the client to request and obtain media files which permits the transmission of the media file to be played on the client's media player (abstract; figures 1 and 5). Client is able to access to the server by authentication [0040, 0048,0050, 0054]. At the time the invention was made, one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to incorporate the teaching of Jacoby into the teaching of Janik in order to provide access security to the system, thus making the system more protected.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, with respect to the rejection(s) of independent claim(s) 1 and 12 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Jacoby.

Conclusion

It is noted that the column, line, and/or page number citations used in the prior art references as applied by the Examiner to the claimed invention are for the convenience of the Applicant to represent the relevant teachings of the prior art. The prior art references may contain further teachings and/or suggestions that may further distinguish the citations applied to the claims, therefore, the Applicant should consider the entirety of these prior art references during the process of responding to this Office Action. It is further noted that any alternative and non-preferred embodiments as taught and/or suggested within the prior art references also constitute prior art and the prior art references may be relied upon for all the teachings would have reasonably suggested to one of ordinary skill in the art. See MPEP 2123.

The prior art listed in the PT0-892 form included with this Office Action disclose methods, systems, and apparatus similar to those claimed and recited in the specification. The Examiner has cited these references to evidence the level and/or knowledge of one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to provide support for universal facts and the technical reasoning for the rejections made

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in this Office Action including the Examiner's broadest reasonable interpretation of the claims as required by MPEP 2111 and to evidence the plain meaning of any terms not defined in the specification that are interpreted by the Examiner in accordance with MPEP 2111.01. The Applicant should consider these cited references when preparing a response to this Office Action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alina N. Boutah whose telephone number is 571-272-3908. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (9:00 am - 5:00 pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Flynn can be reached on 571-272-1915. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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/Alina N Boutah/ Examiner, Art Unit 2143